

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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Revision date: 01.02.2023

Dissolv-It

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name: Dissolv-It **Product code:** QW-0113

Recommended Use of the Product and Restriction on Use

Relevant Identified Uses: Commercial Vehicle Wash - Alkaline

Detergent

Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Reasons Why Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or Supplier Details

Manufacturer: United States

Quest Car Care Products 3333 Production Ct. Zeeland, Michigan 49464 616-772-5100 www.guestcarcare.com

Emergency Telephone Number:

United States

CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300 (24 hrs)

1-800-262-8200 (24 hrs)

1-703-527-3887 (24 hrs (international))

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Classification:

Skin corrosion, category 1A
Serious eye damage, category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Acute toxicity (oral), category 4
Acute toxicity (inhalation), category 4

Label elements

Hazard Pictograms:







Signal Word: Danger **Hazard statements:**

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

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H318 Causes serious eye damage

H373 May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H332 Harmful if inhaled

Precautionary Statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 Wash hands/skin thoroughly after contact with or handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/911/PHYSICIAN IF: swallowed, eye contact, skin burns/rash or breathing difficulties.

P321 Specific treatment (see first aid procedures on the product label in section 4 of this SDS)

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P330 Rinse mouth

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/911/PHYSICIAN if you feel unwell.

P405 Store locked up

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS Number: 7732-18-5	Water	25-50
CAS Number: 111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	5-10
CAS Number: 64-02-8	Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	5-10
CAS Number: 1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	5-10
CAS Number: 141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	5-10
CAS Number: 5064-31-3	Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	0.1-1

Additional Information:

Ingredients not listed above are being withheld as trade secret.

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SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

General Notes:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance. Take precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue. Wear appropriate safety eyewear, gloves, protective clothing and respiratory protection to prevent exposure. See Section 8 of this SDS for personal protective equipment recommendations. Do not use the mouth to mouth method if victim has ingested or inhaled the product. Give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper device.

After Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Skin Contact:

Treatment is urgent. Seek emergency medical treatment. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Eye Contact:

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Seek immediate medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Acute Symptoms and Effects:

Exposure to skin may result in redness, pain, burning, inflammation and tissue damage. Exposure to eyes may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision. Exposure via inhalation may result in cough, sore throat, burning sensation and shortness of breath. Exposure via ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, burning

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sensation in the throat and chest, nausea, vomiting, shock or collapse.

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision.

Acute oral exposure may lead to dizziness, drowsiness, headache, breathing difficulties, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and lowering of consciousness. Adverse effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Acute inhalation exposure may lead to dizziness, drowsiness, headache, breathing difficulties, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and lowering of consciousness. Adverse effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Delayed Symptoms and Effects:

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Symptoms of exposure may be delayed.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Specific Treatment:

In case of eye contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of skin contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of ingestion, seek prompt medical attention.

Notes for the Doctor:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards During Fire-Fighting:

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get on skin, eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove

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contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Harmful if swallowed. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Avoid breathing dust, mist, fumes, vapors or spray. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Harmful if inhaled. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment, including a self-contained breathing apparatus (see Section 8) before entering area of spill or leak. Avoid breathing dust, mist, fumes, vapors or spray. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Reference to Other Sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Prevent skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not add water to the corrosive product. If it is necessary to mix a corrosive product with water, do so slowly adding the corrosive to cold water, in small amounts, and stir frequently. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep only in original packaging. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight and away from exit paths. Store in a corrosion-resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Inspect containers and storage area regularly for signs of leak and damage. Store containers at a convenient height for handling, below eye level if possible. High shelving increases the risk of dropping containers, personal injury and exposure. Ensure that appropriate fire fighting and spill-clean up equipment is readily available. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Store separately. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of

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ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
OSHA	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 240 mg/m ³ (50 ppm)
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 2 mg/m ³
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 6 mg/m³ (3 ppm)
NIOSH	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	IDLH: 700 ppm
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	REL-TWA: 24 mg/m³ (5 ppm [up to 10 hr])
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	IDLH: 10 mg/m³
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m³
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	REL-TWA: 8 mg/m³ (3 ppm [up to 10 hr])
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	15-Minute STEL: 15 mg/m³ (6 ppm)
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	IDLH: 30 ppm
ACGIH	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m³
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	8-Hour TWA: 3 ppm
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	15-Minute STEL: 6 ppm
United States(California)	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 97 mg/m ³ (20 ppm)
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m³
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	REL: 8 ug/m³ (Acute Inhalation)
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 8 mg/m³ (3 ppm)
	2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	15-Minute STEL: 15 mg/m³ (6 ppm)

Biological Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Determin ant	Specimen	Sampling time	Permissibl e limits
ACGIH	2-Butoxyethanol	Butoxyacet ic acid (with hydrolysis)	Creatinine in Urine	End of shift	200 mg/g

Information on Monitoring Procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or

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equivalent).

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye and Face Protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Consider the use of a face shield for splash protection. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Skin and Body Protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Full body protection should be worn. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

General Hygienic Measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Light amber
Odor	Ether like, amine
Odor threshold	Not determined or not available.
рН	>13
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	>93 c
Evaporation rate	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined or not available.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.

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Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density	Not determined or not available.
Density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	1.10-1.20
Solubilities	Water
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid generation of aerosols and mists, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Avoid confined spaces, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Assessment:

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Route	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 1060 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 1200 mg/kg (Annex VI to the CLP)
	oral	LD50 Rat: 470 mg/kg
	Inhalation ATE	LC50 Rat: 11 mg/L (4 hr [Vapor])

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Name	Route	Result
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	oral	LD50 Rat: 1780 mg/kg
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	oral	LD50 Rat: 1100 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: >5 mg/L (4 hr - Aerosol)
Sodium hydroxide	oral	LD50 Rat: 140-340 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 1350 mg/kg
2-aminoethanol	oral	LD50 Rat: 1089 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Mouse: > 2420 mg/m³ (2 hr)
	dermal	LD50 Rat: 1025 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes skin irritation.
Sodium hydroxide	Causes severe skin burns.
2-aminoethanol	Causes severe skin burns.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye damage.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes serious eye irritation.
Sodium hydroxide	Causes serious eye damage.
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	Causes serious eye damage.
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Causes serious eye irritation.
2-aminoethanol	Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

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Name	Species	Result
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate		Suspected of causing cancer.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Water	Not Applicable
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	Not Applicable
Sodium hydroxide	Not Applicable
2-aminoethanol	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Group 3
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Group 2B

National Toxicology Program (NTP):

Name	Classification
Water	Not Applicable
Sodium hydroxide	Not Applicable
2-aminoethanol	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Not Applicable
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	Not Applicable
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Not Applicable

OSHA Carcinogens: Not applicable

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available. Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-aminoethanol	May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Assessment:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product Data:

No data available.

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Substance Data:

Name	Result
tetraacetate	Animal studies indicate that chronic exposure can cause damage to organs. Causes changes in tubules (including acute renal failure and necrosis) in intraperitoneal lethal-dose studies of mice; [RTECS]

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

No data available.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics:

No data available. **Other Information:**No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Acute (Short-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1550 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 1474 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Freshwater algae: 1840 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: >100 mg/L (96 hr)
tetraacetate	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 140 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >60 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
Sodium hydroxide	Fish LC50 Gambusia affinis: 125 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Ceriodaphnia sp.: 40.4 mg/L (48 hr [immobilization])
2-aminoethanol	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 105 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 27.04 mg/L (48 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Phaeodactylum tricornutum: 24.7 mg/L (72 hr)
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: 114 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >100 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 560 mg/L (96 hr [mortality])

Chronic (Long-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

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Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Fish LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 983 mg/L (7 d)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 297 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	Fish NOEC Danio rerio: >=35.1 mg/L (35 d)
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 25 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
2-aminoethanol	Fish NOEC Oryzias latipes: 1.24 mg/L (41 d)
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 0.85 mg/L (21 d)
	Aquatic Plants NOEC Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1 mg/L (72 hr)
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Aquatic Invertebrates LC50 Pagurus longicarpus: 1875 mg/L (7 d)

Persistence and Degradability

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Readily biodegradable (90.4% degradation after 28 days, measured by CO2 evolution).
2-aminoethanol	Readily biodegradable (> 90% degradation after 21 days).
Sodium hydroxide	Persistence and degradability studies do not apply to inorganic substances.
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	The substance is not readily biodegradable. 76% degradation, measured by O2 consumption, after 56 days.
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Substance is readily biodegradable. >95% degradation in water, measured by DOC removal, after 28 days.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

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Name	Result	
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	This substance is not expected to bioaccumulate. BCF (aquatic species): 1.8 L/kg	
2-Butoxyethanol	Not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow = 0.83).	
2-aminoethanol	Low bioaccumulation potential (calculated BCF: 9.2 L/kg).	
Sodium hydroxide	Bioaccumulation is not expected based on the substance's high water solubility. In addition, sodium is a naturally-occurring element that is prevalent in the environment and to which organisms are exposed regularly, for which they have some capacity to regulate the concentration in the organism.	
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Bioaccumulation is not expected. BCF (aquatic species): 3 L/kg ww	

Mobility in Soil

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
tetraacetate	This substance is expected to be moderately mobile with a moderate potential for adsorption to soil and sediment. Calculated Koc: 312.7 dimensionless.

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Name	Result
Sodium hydroxide	The substance has a high water solubility. As the dilution of the substance increases, its speed of movement through soil increases. During movement through soil, some ion exchange will occur.
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	The substance has a low potential for adsorption to soil and sediment. log Kp (sediment-water): 1.6 L/kg

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product Data:

PBT assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT. **vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

Substance Data:

PBT assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not PBT.
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	This substance is not PBT.
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	The substance is not PBT.
2-aminoethanol	Substance is not PBT.
Sodium hydroxide	PBT assessment does not apply to inorganic substances.

vPvB assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not vPvB.
Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate	This substance is not vPvB.
Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	The substance is not vPvB.
2-aminoethanol	Substance is not vPvB.
Sodium hydroxide	vPvB assessment does not apply to inorganic substances.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities

Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

United States Transportation of Dangerous Goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN Number	1824
UN Proper Shipping Name	Sodium Hydroxide Solution
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	8
Packing Group	II
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

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International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN Number	1824
UN Proper Shipping Name	Sodium Hydroxide Solution
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	8
Packing Group	II
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN Number	1824	
UN Proper Shipping Name	Sodium Hydroxide Solution	
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	8	
Packing Group	II	
Environmental Hazards	None	
Special Precautions for User	None	

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

United States Regulations

Inventory Listing (TSCA): All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5): None of the ingredients are listed.

Export Notification under TSCA Section 12(b): None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed
5064-31-3	Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Listed

CERCLA:

111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed	N/A
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed	1000 lb

RCRA: None of the ingredients are listed.

Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA): None of the ingredients are listed.

Massachusetts Right to Know:

	<u> </u>	
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed
5064-31-3	Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	Listed

New Jersey Right to Know:

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1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

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New York Right to Know:

1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

Pennsylvania Right to Know:

1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

California Proposition 65: None of the ingredients are listed.

Additional information: Not determined.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with OSHA HCS 2012 guidelines. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

NFPA: 0-0-0 **HMIS:** 3-0-0-X

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End of Safety Data Sheet